PURPLE HOPE INITIATIVE NIGERIA

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Supported by LEPROS INITIATIVE 管川保健財団 SASAKAWA Health Foundation

1 NEEDS ASSESMENT 1 OVERVIEW

Our Voices from the hinterland

Methods Used:

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- Participants (non-members) filled consent forms
- Orientation led by organizational leaders was provided for persons affected by Hansen's disease
- Focus Group Discussions led by organizational leaders
- Activities carried out in accordance with the original proposal

Reach Summary:

- Total persons reached: 72
- Women: 39 Teenagers: 5 Older people: 8 Men: 20
- 40% from rural areas, 60% from urban areas

2 PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH RIGHTS FINDINGS



Mental Health Access 100% of participants in rural areas reported no access to mental health services.

Diagnosis Delays Delays in diagnosis and treatment of self-reported Hansen's disease cases in rural areas, resulting in Grade 2 deformities

Rehabilitation Services None of the 72 persons reached had access to rehabilitation services (evidence-based).

Policy Gaps

National health policies lack a rights-based approach to Hansen's disease care and services.

Stigma High levels of stigma contribute to late response in seeking healthcare.

5 ORGANIZATIONAL NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Assembly Method Used:

Collaborative assessment with key stakeholders

Volunteers 2 Volunteers participated

Staff Member 1 Staff Member participated

Board Members 4 Board Members participated External Facilitator 1 Facilitator from Damien Foundation Belgium (DFB), Lagos

6 GAPS & OPPORTUNITIES



Infrastructure Challenges Office exists, but lacks basic office equipment

Security challenges affect

Capacity Limitations State leaders lack proposal writing skills

Limited digital skills reducing visibility and branding

Strategic Issues

Innovative ideas, but no strategic plan or budgeting

 Weak government commitment

7 CAPACITY BUILDING PROGRAMS RECOMMENDATIONS

Infrastructure Improvement

Procure basic office equipments to improve functionality.

Skills Development



Train leaders in digital tools, legal literacy, leadership agement, proposal writing, budgeting and M & E.

Digital Presence

Develop a simple website or blog and maintain active social media channels to raise awareness and engage stakeholders.

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Monitoring Progress Develop indicators to monitor capacity growth.

8 WISHLIST BEFORE NEXT ILC

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Representation Ensure full recognition and representation of persona affected in decision-making spaces.

Awareness

Launch global campaigns to end stigma and discrimination

Collaboration Build strong global networks for shared learning

Advocacy

Unite to amplify voices and promote inclusive responses

Healthcare

Guarantee full access to healthcare services especially for women in rural and urban areas

3 HUMAN RIGHTS & DISCRIMINATION FINDINGS





All 72 participants reported social exclusion from community, churches, markets, and health providers our children face exclusion, reflecting deep-rooted stigma and misinformation.

30 people (10 women, 20 men) denied national services (voter card, passport, SIM) due to deformities 20% prefer isolated settlements to avoid stigma

Only 1 of 39 women is government-employed

4 LESSONS & SOLUTIONS

- Non-existence of mental healthcare services.
- Persons affected by Hansen disease face barrier to healthcare services, human right violations and wide spread discrimination especially women and children.
- Limited access to quality health care services.

Mental Health Support Providing mental health and psychosocial support for us especially those in isolated areas.

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Stigma Reduction

Stigma reduction campaign in market, schools and religious centers.

Healthcare Training Training health care givers, community leaders on leprosy facts and to treat without stigma.

Legal Advocacy Legal advocacy for enforcement of anti discriminatory laws and review rights-base action plans

